

MINERS AND OWNERS.

Assembling for Their Great Conference at Cleveland.

"No Compromise" the Word on the Part of Labor.

Settlement Must Be Made for All States If for Any.

CLEVELAND, O., May 14.—Every train arriving in this city during the night and early hours of the morning brought delegates to attend the Miners' Convention to-day and the conference which takes place to-morrow at the Chamber of Commerce between the miners and operators. Very few operators put in an early appearance, but a large number of rooms have been reserved for them at the various hotels, and a good-sized delegation will probably arrive in the city by night-fall.

While it has been said the Pittsburgh district operators have been insisting right along that their men were willing to work for 35 cents a ton, if they could be assured protection, it was not long after the miners had arrived before it became apparent that, so far as the delegates represent the feeling of the strikers, the men are not at all willing to return for the same wages.

Secretary J. G. McEvoy voiced the sentiment of good many delegates when he answered a suggestion as to a compromise. "No, sir," said he, "we did not come here for a compromise, and thus far we have no such word in our vocabulary. Nothing short of what we ask will give the miners living wages and what we want. We will not settle for three months, but we have no desire to do so. For that reason we came to this conference."

McEvoy did not for a moment consider the subject of settlement in different localities without reference to what is done elsewhere. "The only condition under which work will be resumed," he continued, "is that the same be done for all the States, as was originally announced."

This declaration means that the miners and the operators of the Pittsburgh district are as far apart as possible. The latter decided at their conference in Pittsburgh on Friday that they would not participate in the convention to be held here, and further that they would settle with their men without consulting the officers of the United Mine Workers.

The operators of the Ohio fields have all along signified their willingness to make a settlement with their men through the national organization, and the Pittsburgh district men are not backward in asserting that the Ohio operators are lacking the spirit of compromise. The Pittsburgh district men are not backward in asserting that the Ohio operators are lacking the spirit of compromise.

The miners' convention was called to order by President John McElrath at 11 o'clock, in Frank Street Hall, with 200 delegates present. A committee was appointed to hear reports from various mining sections represented. In regard to any grievances which the miners desire taken in regard to the scale, after transacting some routine business, the convention adjourned until 9 o'clock, when a report from the Scale Committee was made.

Miners' International Congress. (By Associated Press.) BERLIN, May 14.—The Miners' International Congress opened here to-day in the large Concordia Festival Hall, situated in the Andreas Strasse. Those present, members of the British Parliament, were elected Chairman, and Herr Ringer, welcomed the delegates on behalf of the Benjamin Pickard, also a member of the British Parliament, on behalf of the foreign delegates, thanked the Congress for the cordial welcome extended. After the election of the national organization, the Congress adjourned until to-morrow. Two American delegates are expected.

COKE STRIKERS DESPERATE. (By Associated Press.) LONDON, May 14.—The coke strikers are showing a more lawless spirit in this end of the region to-day than ever before. At Percy, the strikers assembled in a hall and held a meeting. At Fairbairn, a workman was taken out by the strikers, tied to a post and given a severe whipping with a horsewhip. The house of another man was surrounded and the windows were broken.

The region is excited over the report that the British Government has decided to build a new tunnel of the new State Line Railroad, with dynamite. The destruction of this tunnel would prevent the shipment of raw coal from the Monongahela River mines. The report has not been verified.

PAINTERS AT WAR. (By Associated Press.) DENVER, Colo., May 14.—The demonstration by the Coxiety reserves yesterday did not come to expectations so far as the parade was concerned. The column, instead of containing 10,000 people, as predicted, was composed of barely 500, led by a single band. At the speaker's stand, however, fully 1,000 people were present. Address was made by General Master Workman Sovereign, of the Knights of Labor; Jay Cooke, Jr., of the League of Brotherhood; and Judge Kerr, of Pueblo.

Brotherhood Men Want Fellow Craftsmen Enjoined. Application was made to Justice Barrett, in Supreme Court, Chambers, to-day by counsel for Union No. 161 of the Brotherhood of Painters of America, for an injunction restraining the Progressive Painters' Benevolent Union No. 1, German Painters' Union, Operative Painters' Union, American Free Press Painters' Union, Carpenters and Joiners' Union, Paper Hangers' Union and their walking delegates from interfering with the work of the plaintiffs, or influencing the jury in the case.

The plaintiffs allege that the unions named as defendants have gone to considerable expense in hiring a hall for the trial of the case, and that they are now in a financial straits. The case was adjourned by Justice Barrett until May 21.

His Condition Serious. Langan is Not Able to Appear Against Supt. Brockbank. Park Policeman James Langan, of Brooklyn, was too ill to appear in the Butler Street Court, Brooklyn, this morning and press his charge of assault against Supt. Thomas M. Brockbank, of the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company.

Langan was one of the officers who tried to prevent a gang of the Brooklyn Heights Railroad workers from laying tracks on Ocean avenue a few days ago. Langan claims he was set upon by the workmen and beaten. Several of the ribs were broken. He is still in a critical condition.

The case was adjourned by Justice Barrett until May 21.

WITNESS STRAND TRIPPED.

Cross-Examined in His \$25,000 Suit Against Mrs. Hatch.

She Contradicts Many of the Statements Made by Him.

The suit of Warner Nostrand against Anna Hatch to recover \$25,000 fees for services in managing her estate was continued before Judge Giegerich, in the Court of Common Pleas to-day.

Nostrand again took the stand and was subjected to a severe cross-examination by Lawyer Hotchkiss.

The suit of Warner Nostrand against Anna Hatch to recover \$25,000 fees for services in managing her estate was continued before Judge Giegerich, in the Court of Common Pleas to-day. Nostrand again took the stand and was subjected to a severe cross-examination by Lawyer Hotchkiss.

In court to-day he was closely questioned as to his present testimony in connection with that he gave on April 1, 1893, when he appeared in supplementary proceedings on a judgment obtained by Edmund Hunt, of Brooklyn. He said on that occasion that he never expected to receive any money as an heir, and that he was working for Mrs. Hatch for his board. Nostrand became very much excited and failed to reconcile these two statements.

Nostrand's testimony was ended soon after recess, and Mrs. Hatch took the stand. She was asked by the lawyer why she had once taken \$5,000 belonging to Mrs. Hatch and speculated in Wall Street, he said it was by her orders. He also said that Hatch had become involved in some bad transaction, and that he took part of the money to cover it up.

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TRIAL MAY END TO-MORROW.

Testimony in Dr. Meyer's Behalf Nearly Finished.

The Prisoner's Wife Not in Court This Morning.

The trial of Dr. Henry C. F. Meyer for poisoning Ludwig Brandt to death is drawing to its end. Charles W. Brooke, chief of counsel for the defense, said that the testimony in behalf of Dr. Meyer would be concluded to-day. To-morrow, then, would see the end of the trial.

For the first time since the trial began Mrs. Meyer was not in court to-day. She had been taken from her home by her counsel, and was expected to appear in court to-morrow. Her counsel, however, has not yet appeared.

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CHECKS AT THE N. P. HEARING.

One of Over Two Million Dollars Produced To-Day.

Used in Part Payment of Chicago and Great Western.

Mr. Eides, Secretary of the North American Company, again put the witness stand when the Northern Pacific hearing was resumed in the Mills Building this morning. He was closely questioned regarding commissions on the sale of the Chicago terminal property to the Northern Pacific.

He testified that the Northern American Company received 25 bonds of \$100,000 each, and Northern Pacific, and \$66,667 as commission, for the part it played in selling the terminal property in Chicago to the Northern Pacific.

Mr. Eides produced a lot of checks which had come out since the trial began. He testified that the Northern American Company received 25 bonds of \$100,000 each, and Northern Pacific, and \$66,667 as commission, for the part it played in selling the terminal property in Chicago to the Northern Pacific.

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TRADE STOCKS STAGNANT.

Prices Firm, but Sales Are Retail in Character.

More Gold Shipments to Europe Expected This Week.

It goes almost without saying that there is little room for comment concerning a market with a record of 46,000 shares from 10 o'clock up to noon. Yet this was the situation this morning. Of listed stocks only 26,000 shares changed hands, but Sugar, with its 20,000, helped to swell the total.

The continuation of this specialty in the bull interest is as transparent as ever, and is the great theme of discussion at the Exchange. It is felt that if Congress refuses to accede to the demands of the Trust the speculation in the certificates will collapse, to the detriment of the general market.

There is absolutely nothing for outside account at the moment, and easy money, together with the abundance of liquidation, are the only arguments advanced in favor of purchases of securities.

The changes in quotations were slight. The price of Sugar, which sold down to 10 3/4, was 10 1/2. The fact that the London market was closed on account of the Whitsuntide holidays, tended to restrict business on this side.

Speculation opened firm, and prices advanced 1/4 to 3/8. Steel, 10 1/2; Burlington & Quincy, 3 3/4; General Electric, 2 1/2; Northern Pacific, 1 1/2; Louisville & Nashville, 3 1/2; and Manhattan, 1 1/2 to 1 3/4.

The money market is easy, 1 per cent. being the ruling rate on call and time loans. The currency movement continues in favor of the city banks, and contractors are obtaining through gold exports to Europe.

The bankers look for further shipments of gold to Europe, and the strength of sterling exchange goes far to confirm this belief. Bankers' gold certificates are quoted at 4 1/2 to 4 3/4, and demand at 4 3/4 to 4 1/2. The accumulation of commercial bills over Sunday was quite small.

The Sub-Treasury had the large balance of \$1,300,000 at Clearing-House today, which was not noted in the market. The currency movement continues in favor of the city banks, and contractors are obtaining through gold exports to Europe.

Members of the Stock Exchange this afternoon seemed to take a deeper interest in the currency movement than in the market. The dealings were of a retail character throughout, and save in a few instances the chances were quite insignificant.

Despite this a firm tone prevailed right up to the closing. The market was well maintained. National Cowages was a notable exception, declining 1 1/2 to 2 1/2.

As an indication of the extreme dullness it can be said that there was not a single sale of Canadian Southern Railway, Chicago & North Western, Erie, Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Jersey Central, New York Central, New York & Erie, Ontario & Quebec, and Western Union telegraph.

The sales of listed stocks were \$2,200,000 in the United States department, 27,600 shares of Sugar and 200 Lead were traded in.

The Steamship Spree, which sails for Europe to-morrow, will take out 10,000 ounces of silver and 300,000 Mexican dollars. The ship is owned by the Spree Steamship Company, of New York.

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SALE OF PARASOLS.

Great Special Sale of Leather Goods.

AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

2.00 Shoes, 98c.

The following three lots are great values:

Children's Russel Spring Heel Button Shoes, sizes 4 to 11, worth \$2.00, at 98c.

Men's Russel Spring Heel Button Shoes, sizes 4 to 11, worth \$2.00, at 98c.

Women's Russel Spring Heel Button Shoes, sizes 4 to 11, worth \$2.00, at 98c.

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